QUIZ #1 @ 50 points

Write in a neat and organized fashion. Write your complete solutions on SEPARATE PAPER. You should use a pencil. For an exercise to be complete there needs to be a detailed solution to the problem. Do not just write down an answer. No proof, no credit given! Clearly label each exercise.

1. Solve the following equations:

a)
$$2t - 4(1 - 3t) = t + 15$$

b)
$$\frac{x}{2} - \frac{1}{10} = \frac{x}{5} + \frac{1}{2}$$

c)
$$\frac{2a-1}{2} - \frac{3a-1}{3} = \frac{4a-1}{4}$$

d)
$$0.8(0.3p - 0.5) = 0.8$$

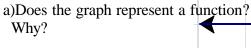
2. Solve each equation for the specified variable:

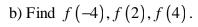
a)
$$V = \frac{1}{3}Bh$$
 for h .

b)
$$E = I(R+r)$$
 for r .

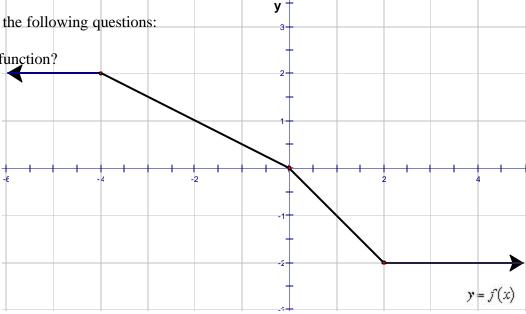
c)
$$s = vt + gt^2$$
 for g .

- 3. Let $f(x) = \frac{x+2}{x-4}$ be a function. Answer the following questions:
 - a) What is the domain of the function?
 - b) Find f(0), f(-1), f(-x).
- 4. A graph is shown. Answer the following questions:





- c) What is the domain of the function?
- d) What is the range of the function?



5. Let f(x) = 2x + 3 and g(x) = 1 - x be two functions. Find the following and simplify:

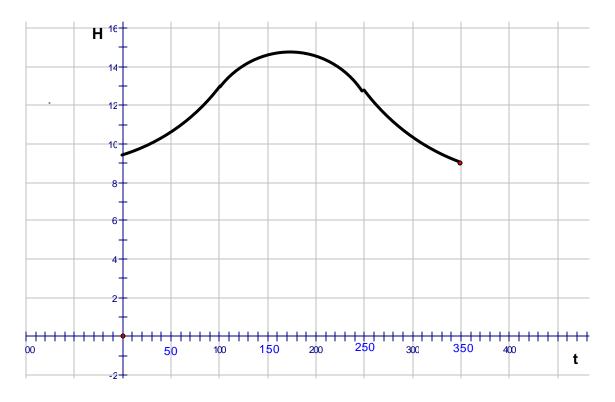
a)
$$(f+g)(x)$$

b)
$$(f+g)(2)$$

c)
$$(f-g)(1)$$

d)
$$(fg)(x)$$

6. The figure shows the number of hours, H, that the sun is above the horizon in Peoria, Illinois, on day t, where January 1 corresponds to t = 0.



- a) Which variable is independent, and which is dependent?
- b) Approximately how many hours of sunlight are there in Peoria on day 150?
- c) On which days are there 12 hours of sunlight?
- d) What are the maximum and minimum values of H, and when do these values occur?

(a)
$$2t-4(1-3t) = t+15$$

 $2t-4+12t = t+15$
 $14t-4 = t+15$
 $14t-t = 15+9$
 $13t=19$
 $t = \frac{19}{13}$

$$C \frac{3a-1}{2} - \frac{3a-1}{3} = \frac{4a-1}{4}$$

$$L(0=12)$$

$$6(2a-1)-4(3a-1) = 3(4a-1)$$

$$12/a-6-12/a+4=12a-3$$

$$-2=12a-3$$

$$3-2=12a$$

$$1 = 12 a$$

$$a = \frac{1}{12}$$

(d)
$$0.8(0.3p-0.5) = 0.8$$
 | .100
 $8(3p-5) = 80$
 $24p-40 = 80$
 $24p = 120$
 $p=5$

(b)
$$E = I(R+r)$$
 for $R + r = \frac{E}{r}$

$$|r = \frac{E}{r} - R| \Rightarrow R = \frac{E-RI}{r}$$

$$(3) \quad +(x) = \frac{x+2}{x-4}$$

(6)
$$f(0) = \frac{0+2}{0-y}$$

 $= \frac{2}{-y}$
 $= -\frac{1}{2}$ $f(0) = \frac{-1}{2}$
 $f(-1) = \frac{-1+2}{-1-y} = \frac{1}{5}$

$$f(-x) = \frac{-x+2}{-x-4} / on f(-x) = \frac{x-2}{x+4}$$

(b)
$$f(-y) = ?$$
 $f(-y) = 2 /$
 $f(z) = ?$ $f(z) = -2 /$

$$f(y) = ?$$
 $x = y, y = ?$
 $f(y) = -2$

(5)
$$f(x) = 2x+3$$

 $g(x) = 1-x$
(a) $(f+g)(x) = f(x) + g(x)$
 $= (2x+3) + (1-x)$

(b)
$$(f+g)(z) = 2+4$$

 $(f+g)(z) = 6$

(c)
$$(f-g)(1) = f(1) - g(1)$$

= $(2\cdot 1+3) - (1-1)$ $(f-g)(1)=5$
= $5-0 = 5$

(d)
$$(fg)(x) = f(x)g(x)$$

= $(2x+3)(+x)$
= $2x-2x^2+3-3x$
 $(fg)(x) = -2x^2-x+3$