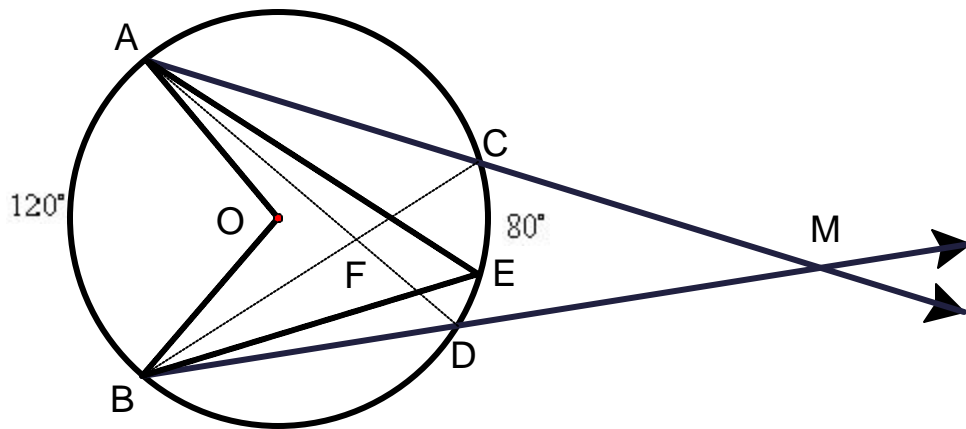


Applications 6.1 & 6.2 Chords, Tangents, Secants

The next figure suggests a way to remember some of the properties of angles and arcs in circles. Note that the sizes of the angles decrease from left to right and that O is the circle's center. The following arcs and angles are shown in the figure:



Given arcs: $m\widehat{AB} = 120^\circ$ and $m\widehat{CD} = 80^\circ$

Central angle:

Angle formed by 2 chords :

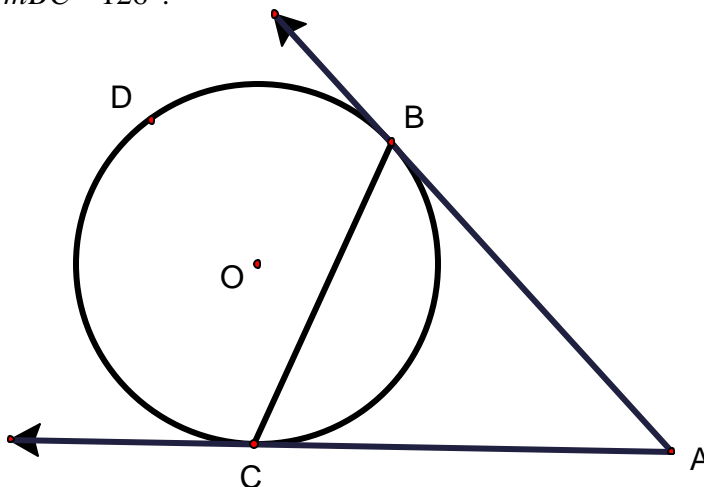
Inscribed angle:

Angle formed by two secants:

Problem 1
(6.2 - # 6)

Given: \overline{AB} and \overline{AC} are tangents to $\odot O$, $m\widehat{BC} = 126^\circ$.

- Find: a) $m\angle A$
 b) $m\angle ABC$
 c) $m\angle ACB$



Problem 2
(6.2 - #7)

Given: \overline{AB} and \overline{AC} are tangents to $\odot O$, $m\angle ACB = 68^\circ$.

- Find: a) $m\widehat{BC}$
 b) $m\widehat{BDC}$
 c) $m\angle ABC$
 d) $m\angle A$

Problem 3
(6.2 - #20)

Given: Diameter $\overline{AB} \perp \overline{CE}$ at D
 Prove: CD is the geometric mean of AD and DB .

