

SECTION 14

$$(58) \quad 3 - \frac{4}{x} - \frac{2}{x^2} = 0 \quad | \cdot x^2$$

Condition: $x \neq 0$ Eliminate fractions by multiplying each side by x^2 ($x^2 \neq 0$).

$$3x^2 - 4x - 2 = 0 \quad \begin{cases} a = 3 \\ b = -4 \\ c = -2 \end{cases}$$

$$x_{1,2} = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

$$= \frac{4 \pm \sqrt{16 - 4(3)(-2)}}{2 \cdot 3} = \frac{4 \pm \sqrt{40}}{6} =$$

$$= \frac{4 \pm 2\sqrt{10}}{6} = \frac{2(2 \pm \sqrt{10})}{6} = \boxed{\frac{2 \pm \sqrt{10}}{3}}$$

$$(59) \quad \begin{cases} x^3 - 8 = 0 \\ x^3 - 2^3 = 0 \end{cases}$$

Note that $a^3 - b^3 = (a-b)(a^2 + ab + b^2)$

$$(x-2)(x^2 + 2x + 4) = 0$$

$$\boxed{x_1 = 2} \quad \text{OR} \quad x^2 + 2x + 4 = 0$$

$$x_{2,3} = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a} = \frac{-2 \pm \sqrt{4 - 16}}{2}$$

$$= \frac{-2 \pm \sqrt{-12}}{2} = \frac{-2 \pm 2\sqrt{3}i}{2} = \boxed{-1 \pm \sqrt{3}i}$$

$$(85) \quad \begin{cases} x_1 = 1 + \sqrt{2} \\ x_2 = 1 - \sqrt{2} \end{cases} \quad \text{solutions}$$

Then $(x-x_1)(x-x_2) = 0$

$$(x - (1 + \sqrt{2}))(x - (1 - \sqrt{2})) = 0$$

$$(x - 1 - \sqrt{2})(x - 1 + \sqrt{2}) = 0$$

$$(x-1)^2 - (\sqrt{2})^2 = 0$$

$$x^2 - 2x + 1 - 2 = 0$$

$$\boxed{x^2 - 2x - 1 = 0} \quad \begin{cases} a = 1 \\ b = -2 \\ c = -1 \end{cases}$$

$$(86) \quad \begin{cases} x_1 = i \\ x_2 = -i \end{cases} \quad \text{solutions}$$

then $(x-x_1)(x-x_2) = 0$

$$(x-i)(x+i) = 0$$

$$x^2 - i^2 = 0$$

$$\boxed{x^2 + 1 = 0}$$

$$\begin{cases} a = 1 \\ b = 0 \\ c = 1 \end{cases}$$

SECTION 15(6) Given: 300 m fencing
5000 m² areaFind: length = ?
width = ?

solution

$$w \quad \square$$

300 m of fencing \Rightarrow

$$2l + 2w = 300 \quad | : 2$$

$$\boxed{l + w = 150} \quad (1)$$

Area = 5000 m²

$$\boxed{l \cdot w = 5000} \quad (2)$$

$$\begin{cases} l + w = 150 \Rightarrow l = 150 - w \\ lw = 5000 \end{cases}$$

$$(150 - w)w = 5000$$

$$150w - w^2 = 5000$$

$$w^2 - 150w + 5000 = 0$$

$$(w-100)(w-50) = 0 \quad \begin{cases} w = 100 \\ \text{OR} \\ w = 50 \end{cases}$$

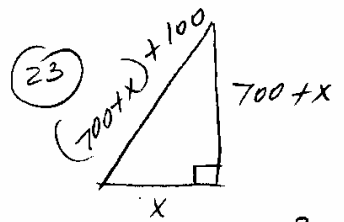
if $w = 100$, then $l = 50$ if $w = 50$, then $l = 100$

The dimensions of the garden are 50 m by 100 m.

-2 -

(18) $x^2 + (x+10)^2 = 50^2$
 (Pythagorean theorem)
 $x^2 + x^2 + 20x + 100 = 2500$
 $2x^2 + 20x - 2400 = 0 \quad | : 2$
 $x^2 + 10x - 1200 = 0$
 $(x+40)(x-30) = 0$ $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} x = -40 \\ \text{OR} \\ x = 30 \end{array} \right.$

$x = 30$ The horizontal distance is 30 ft.



(23)

$$x^2 + (700+x)^2 = (800+x)^2$$

$$x^2 + 490000 + 1400x + x^2 = 640000 + 1600x + x^2$$

$$x^2 - 200x - 150,000 = 0$$

$$x_{1/2} = \frac{200 \pm \sqrt{40000 + 4 \cdot 150,000}}{2}$$

$$= \frac{200 \pm \sqrt{640,000}}{2} = \frac{200 \pm 800}{2}$$

$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} -300 \\ \text{OR} \\ 500 \end{array} \right.$

$x = 600$
 Therefore, the length of the walkway will be
 $500 + (700+500) + (800+500) = 1500 + 1500 = 3000$ ft.

SECTION 16

(47) $3 - \sqrt{x} = \sqrt{2\sqrt{x} - 3} \quad |^2$
 $(3 - \sqrt{x})^2 = 2\sqrt{x} - 3$
 $9 - 6\sqrt{x} + x = 4x - 12\sqrt{x} + 9$
 $12\sqrt{x} - 6\sqrt{x} = 4x - x$
 $6\sqrt{x} = 3x$
 $2\sqrt{x} = x \quad |^2$
 $4x = x^2$
 $x^2 - 4x = 0$ $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} x = 0 \\ \text{OR} \\ x = 4 \end{array} \right.$
 $x(x-4) = 0$

check $x=0$
 $3 - 0 = \sqrt{-3}$ false $\Rightarrow x=0$ is not a solution

check $x=4$
 $3 - \sqrt{4} = \sqrt{2\sqrt{4} - 3}$
 $3 - 2 = \sqrt{4-3}$ true
 The solution is $x = 4$

(48) $\sqrt{x} + 2 = \sqrt{4 + 7\sqrt{x}} \quad |^2$
 $(\sqrt{x} + 2)^2 = 4 + 7\sqrt{x}$
 $x + 4\sqrt{x} + 4 = 4 + 7\sqrt{x}$
 $x = 3\sqrt{x} \quad |^2$
 $x^2 = 9x$
 $x^2 - 9x = 0$ $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} x = 0 \\ \text{OR} \\ x = 9 \end{array} \right.$
 $x(x-9) = 0$

check $x=0$
 $0 + 2 = \sqrt{4}$ true
 check $x=9$
 $\sqrt{9} + 2 = \sqrt{4 + 7 \cdot 3}$
 $5 = \sqrt{25}$ true

The solution set is $\{0, 9\}$

$$(70) (2x-1)^{2/3} + 2(2x-1)^{1/3} - 3 = 0$$

$$\text{Let } (2x-1)^{1/3} = t$$

$$t^2 + 2t - 3 = 0$$

$$(t+3)(t-1) = 0$$

$$t = -3 \text{ OR } t = 1$$

$$\text{if } t = -3, \text{ then } (2x-1)^{1/3} = -3 \quad |^3$$

$$[(2x-1)^{1/3}]^3 = (-3)^3$$

$$2x-1 = -27$$

$$2x = -26$$

$$\boxed{x = -13}$$

$$\text{if } t = 1, \text{ then } (2x-1)^{1/3} = 1 \quad |^3$$

$$((2x-1)^{1/3})^3 = 1^3$$

$$2x-1 = 1$$

$$2x = 2$$

$$\boxed{x = 1}$$

The solution set is $\{-13, 1\}$

$$(74) 8(x-4)^4 - 10(x-4)^2 = -3$$

$$\text{Let } (x-4)^2 = t$$

$$8t^2 - 10t + 3 = 0$$

$$t_{1,2} = \frac{10 \pm \sqrt{100 - 96}}{16} = \frac{10 \pm 2}{16}$$

$$t_1 = \frac{12}{16} = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$t = \frac{3}{4} \text{ OR } t = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$t_2 = \frac{8}{16} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\text{if } t = \frac{3}{4}, \text{ then}$$

$$(x-4)^2 = \frac{3}{4} \quad | \sqrt{\quad}$$

$$\sqrt{(x-4)^2} = \sqrt{\frac{3}{4}}$$

$$|x-4| = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

$$x-4 = \pm \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \Rightarrow$$

$$\boxed{x = 4 \pm \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}}$$

$$\text{if } t = \frac{1}{2}, \text{ then}$$

$$(x-4)^2 = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\sqrt{(x-4)^2} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$|x-4| = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$x-4 = \pm \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \Rightarrow$$

$$\boxed{x = 4 \pm \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}}$$