

## Review Test #2

### Chapters 3 & 4

To prepare for the test, you may study:

- All examples and exercises done in class
- Quiz #2
- Handout Section 3.1 – Quadratic Functions – Exercises # 1, 2, 3, 5, 7 ( see website for handout and solutions)
- Handout Sections 3.2 & 3.3 – Synthetic Division; Zeros of Polynomials – II exercises (see website for handout and solutions)
- Handout Section 3.5 – Graphs of Rational Functions - all exercises ( see website for handout and solutions)
- Handout Section 4.2 – Exponential Functions - Exercises # 2, 3, 7, 8, 9, 10 (see website for handout and solutions)
- Handout Sections 4.5 & 4.6 – Exponential and Logarithmic Equations – all exercises
- Section 3.1 - # 19, 20, 24, 26, 58, 63 ; graph all the parabolas by I) transformations or II) finding the vertex, x-and y-intercepts. State the domain and range for each function. Solve the inequalities:  $f(x) > 0$  and  $f(x) < 0$ .
- Section 3.2 - # 23, 24, 43, 44, 49, 53, 54
- Section 3.3 - # 17, 20, 21, 25, 26, 29, 31, 32, 34, 35, 36, 41, 42, 44, 47, 53, 54, 59, 60, 63, 64, 70, 77, 78
- Section 3.4 - # 19, 21, 24, 25, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 37, 38, 40, 43, 44, 61, 62
- Section 3.5 - # 21, 27, 38 – 46 (even), 51, 53, 54, 57, 58, 59, 63, 66
- Section 4.2 - # 13, 15, 19, 25 – 28, 43 – 61 (every third), 63, 66, 68, 71, 72, 75
- Section 4.3 – all homework problems
- Section 4.5 – all homework problems
- Section 4.6 - # 5, 9, 14, 19, 21, 23, 25, 27, 37

More practice

1. Consider the following polynomial function  $f(x) = 3x^4 - 4x^3 - 22x^2 + 15x + 18$ .

Questions a-g below relate to this polynomial function.

- Use the leading term to describe the long-term behavior of this function; that is, what happens as  $x \rightarrow \pm\infty$ .
- Use synthetic division to divide  $f(x)$  by  $x-1$  and relate dividend, divisor, quotient and remainder in an equation.
- Compute and compare the values of  $f(1)$  and  $f(2)$ . What can you conclude using the intermediate value theorem?
- State why the condition for the theorem on rational zeros is satisfied and use the theorem on rational zeros to list all possible rational zeros for  $f(x)$ .
- Find all the zeros of the polynomial.
- Factor  $f(x)$  completely.
- What are the x- and y-intercepts of the graph?
- Sketch a graph of  $f(x)$  showing how it passes through its intercepts.

2)  $f(x) = 2x^4 - 19x^3 + 57x^2 - 64x + 20$ .

Questions a – g below relate to this polynomial function.

- Describe the long-term behavior of this function; that is, what happens as  $|x| \rightarrow \infty$ .
- Compute and compare the values of  $f(0)$  and  $f(1)$ . What can you conclude using the Intermediate value theorem?
- Using Descartes' rule of signs, determine the number of positive real zeros and the number of negative real zeros for  $f(x)$ .
- State why the condition for the theorem on rational zeros is satisfied and use the theorem on rational zeros to list possible rational zeros.
- Find all the real zeros of  $f(x)$ .
- What are the intercepts of the graph of  $f(x)$ ? Write each intercept as an ordered pair.
- Sketch a graph of  $f(x)$  showing how it passes through its intercepts. Plot additional points, as necessary, to get the shape of the graph. Clearly label all the points.

3) Let  $g(x) = \frac{1}{x+1}$

- Sketch a graph of the function (using transformations or by finding asymptotes and plotting points).
- What are the asymptotes for the graph?
- State its domain and range.
- Find the intercepts.
- Calculate  $g(-2)$ .
- Solve  $g(x) = -2$ .
- Find points that correspond to parts (d) and (e) on the graph of the function.
- Does  $g$  have an inverse? Explain.
- Find a formula for the inverse function for  $g$  and graph the inverse  $g^{-1}$  showing the symmetry through  $y = x$ .
- State the domain and range for the inverse function  $g^{-1}$ .
- Find  $(g \circ g)(1)$  and  $(g^{-1} \circ g)(a)$  ( $a \neq -1$ )

4) Let  $f(t) = 1 + \ln t$ .

- Graph the function.
- State the domain, range, and vertical asymptote.
- Find the exact  $x$ - and  $y$ -intercepts (if any).
- Does the function have an inverse? Explain. Find  $f^{-1}(x)$ .
- Graph the inverse  $f^{-1}(x)$  showing the symmetry through  $y = x$ .
- State the domain, range, and horizontal asymptote for the inverse function  $f^{-1}(x)$ .
- Find the exact  $x$ - and  $y$ -intercepts of the inverse function  $f^{-1}(x)$  (if any).

5) Let  $f(x) = 3^{x-1} - 2$ .

- Graph the function.
- State the domain, range, and horizontal asymptote.
- Find the exact  $x$ - and  $y$ -intercepts (if any).
- Does the function have an inverse? Explain. Find the inverse function  $f^{-1}(x)$ .
- Graph the inverse function showing how it can be obtained from the graph of  $f$ .
- Find the exact  $x$ - and  $y$ -intercepts for  $f^{-1}(x)$  (if any).